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APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING

IRONWORKER Program



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IRONWORKER

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Apprenticeship and Industry Training System

Apprenticeship is post-secondary education with a difference. It helps ensure Alberta has a steady supply of highly-skilled employees, the foundation of our economy's future health and competitiveness.

Apprentices in more than 50 trades and crafts spend between one and four years learning their trade - 80% of the time on the job under the supervision of a certified journeyman or qualified tradesperson. The balance of the program is technical training in the theory, skills and technologies of their trade.

To become certified journeymen apprentices must learn theory and skills, and they must pass examinations. Requirements for certification - including the content and delivery of technical training - are developed and updated by the Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training Board (the Board) and a network of local and provincial industry committees.

The graduate of the Ironworker apprenticeship training is a journeyman who will be able to:

- responsibly to all work tasks expected of a journeyman.
- supervise, train and coach apprentices.
- demonstrate the principles of drafting, how drawings originate and how to correctly interpret the information given. The use of each type and the related work orders, materials, lists, etc.
- comply with all applicable Codes and Regulations with reference to materials, its uses and safety.
- identify structural shapes, ropes, wire and fibre as it relates to structural and ornamental components.
- demonstrate the placement of pre-cast concrete and concrete reinforcement materials to an acceptable level of workmanship.
- use hand tools and powered equipment in a proper and safe manner.
- perform a satisfactory operation with oxy-fuel or electric arc welding equipment in order to facilitate this work.
- co-ordinate iron work with other trades on the job site.

Apprenticeship and Industry Training Committee Structure

While government supports Alberta's apprenticeship and industry training system, it is driven by industry, a term which includes both employers and employees. The Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training Board, with the support of Alberta Learning, oversees the system. But the system relies on a network of industry committees. These committees include local and provincial apprenticeship committees (LACs and PACs) in the designated trades and occupational committees in the designated occupations, as well as other committees such as provisional committees established before the designation of a new trade or occupation comes into effect. All these committees are composed of equal numbers of employers and employees. The network of industry committees is the foundation of Alberta's apprenticeship and industry training system.

Local Apprenticeship Committees (LAC)

Wherever there is activity in a trade, the Board can set up a Local Apprenticeship Committee (LAC). The Board appoints equal numbers of employees and employers for terms of up to three years. The committee appoints a member as presiding officer. Local Apprenticeship Committees:

- monitor the apprenticeship system, and the progress of apprentices in their trade, at the local level.
- help settle certain kinds of issues between apprentices and their employers.
- recommend improvements in apprenticeship training and certification to their trade's provincial apprenticeship committee.
- make recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of members to their trade's PAC.

Provincial Apprenticeship Committees (PAC)

The Board establishes a Provincial Apprenticeship Committee (PAC) for each trade and, based on PAC recommendations, appoints a presiding officer and equal numbers of employees and employers for terms of up to three years. Most PACs have nine members. Provincial Apprenticeship Committees:

- identify the training needs and content for their trade.
- recommend to the Board the standards for training and certification for their trade.
- monitor the activities of local apprenticeship committees in their trade.
- make recommendations to the Board about the designation of trades and occupations.
- determine whether training of various kinds is equivalent to training provided in an apprenticeship program in the trade.
- may participate in resolving any apprenticeship-related disputes between employers and employees.

Ironworker PAC Members

Mr. A. O'Neill	Calgary	. Presiding Officer
Mr. R. Calver	Calgary	. Employer
Mr. W. McKee	Calgary	. Employer
Mr. D. Heinrichs	Edmonton	. Employer
Mr. L. Raboud	Slave Lake	. Employer
Mr. M. Bergeron	Calgary	. Employee
Mr. W. Bienz	Calgary	. Employee
Mr. S. Hildebrand	Edmonton	. Employee
Mr. D. Laboucan	Edmonton	. Employee

The Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training Board (Board)

The mandate of the Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training Board relates to the standards and requirements for training and certification in programs under the *Apprenticeship and Industry Training Act*. The Board provides advice to the Minister of Learning on the training and certification of people in designated trades and occupations and on the needs of the Alberta labour market for skilled and trained persons. The Board also makes orders and regulations respecting standards and requirements for apprenticeship programs and the training of apprentices and for training and certification in designated trades and occupations, and the criteria or requirements for granting and recognizing trade and other certificates.

The 13-member Board consists of a chair, eight members representing trades and four members representing other industries. The trades and other industry members are equally represented by employer and employee representatives.

Safety Education

Safe working procedures and conditions, accident prevention and the preservation of health are of primary importance in apprenticeship programs in Alberta. These responsibilities are shared and require the joint efforts of government, employers, employees and the public. Therefore, it is imperative that all parties become aware of circumstances that may lead to injury or harm. Safe learning experiences and environments can be created by controlling the variables and behaviours that may contribute to or cause an accident or injury.

It is generally recognized that a safe attitude contributes to an accident free environment. Everyone will benefit as a result of a healthy, safe attitude towards prevention of accidents.

A tradesperson is possibly exposed to more hazards than any other person in the work force and, therefore, should be familiar with and apply the Occupational Health and Safety Act and Regulations dealing with personal safety and the special safety rules applying to each task.

Legal and Administrative Aspects of Safety

Accident prevention and the provisions of safe working conditions are the responsibilities of an employer and employee.

Employer's Responsibilities

The employer is responsible for:

- providing and maintaining safety equipment and protective devices.
- ensuring proper safe work clothing is worn.
- · enforcing safe working procedures.
- providing safeguards for machinery, equipment and tools.
- observing all accident prevention regulations.
- training employees in the safe use and operation of equipment.

Employee's Responsibilities

The employee is responsible for:

- working in accordance with the safety regulations pertaining to the job environment.
- · working in such a way as not to endanger themselves or fellow employees.

Workplace Health and Safety's Responsibilities:

Workplace Health and Safety (Alberta Human Resources and Employment) will conduct periodic inspections of the workplace to ensure that safety regulations for industry are being observed.

Technical Training Establishment

Alberta Learning, Apprenticeship and Industry Training offer your apprenticeship training program. Staff and facilities for delivering the program are supplied by Northern Alberta Institute of Technology (Souch Campus).

Procedures For Recommending Revisions To The Course Outline

Apprenticeship and Industry Training, Industry Programs and Standards has prepared this course outline in partnership with the Ironworker Provincial Apprenticeship Committee.

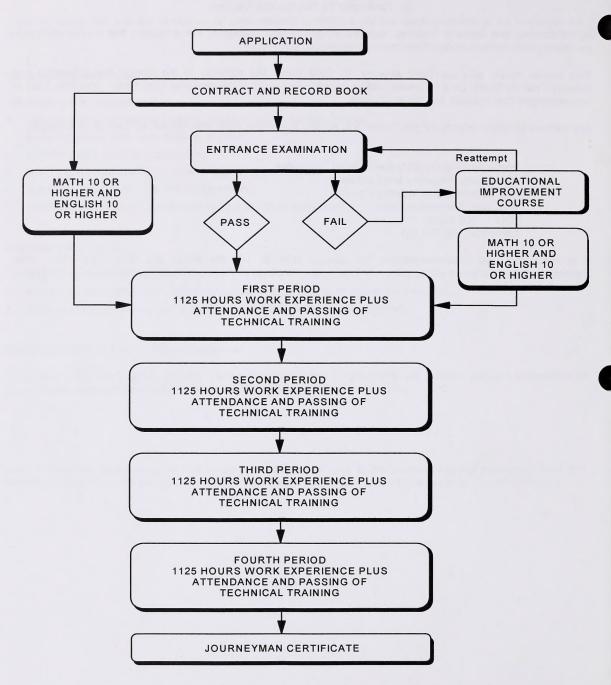
This course outline was approved January 15, 2003 under the authority of the Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training Board on a recommendation from the Provincial Apprenticeship Committee. Valuable input is acknowledged from industry and the institutions.

Any concerned citizen or group in the Province of Alberta may make recommendations for change by writing to:

Ironworker Provincial Apprenticeship Committee c/o Industry Programs and Standards Apprenticeship and Industry Training 10th floor, Commerce Place 10155 - 102 Street Edmonton, AB T5J 4L5

It is requested that recommendations for change refer to specific areas and state references used. Recommendations received will be placed before regular meetings of the Provincial Apprenticeship Committee.

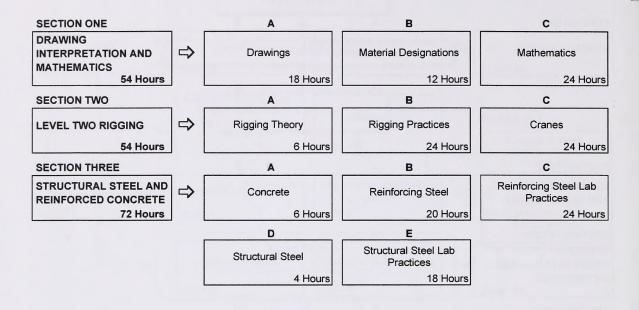
Apprenticeship Route Toward Certification



Ironworker Training Profile First Period (6 weeks 30 hours per week – total 180 Hours)

SECTION ONE		Α	В	с
GENERAL SAFETY	⇒	Ironworker Apprenticeship Program Orientation	Tools	Safety
46 Hours		2 Hours	16 Hours	4 Hours
		D	E	
		Lab Practices	Emergency First Aid and CPR Prequisite to obtaining Journeyman Status	
		24 Hours	_	
SECTION TWO		A	В	С
OXY-FUEL EQUIPMENT AND TACK WELDING	⇒	Oxy-Fuel Equipment and Cutting	Electric Arc Welding	Basic Welding Lab Practices
36 Hours		9 Hours	9 Hours	18 Hours
SECTION THREE		A	В	
DRAWING INTERPRETATION AND MATHEMATICS	⇒	Introduction to Drawings	Trade Mathematics	
40 Hours		16 Hours	24 Hours	
SECTION FOUR		A	В	С
LEVEL ONE RIGGING	⇒	Ropes and Fittings	Hoisting Devices	Introduction to Load Charts
58 Hours		12 Hours	6 Hours	2 Hours
		D	E	F
		Signals	Level One Rigging Lab Practices	Scaffolding
		2 Hours	18 Hours	3 Hours
		G	н	1
		Swing Stage and Aerial Work Platforms	Fall Protection	Scaffolding, Swing Stage and Fall Protection Lab Practices
		3 Hours	2 Hours	10 Hours

Second Period (6 weeks 30 hours per week – total 180 Hours)



Third Period (6 weeks 30 hours per week – total 180 Hours)

SECTION ONE		A	В	С
DRAWING INTERPRETATION	⇒	Reinforcing Steel Drawings	Post-Tensioning Drawings	Mathematics
48 Hours		18 Hours	6 Hours	24 Hours
SECTION TWO		A	В	
LEVEL THREE RIGGING	⇒	Rigging Theory	Lab Practices	
30 Hours		12 Hours	18 Hours	
SECTION THREE		Α	В	С
STRUCTURAL STEEL AND METAL BUILDING SYSTEMS ERECTOR	⇒	Metal Building Systems Erector Drawing Interpretation	Walls Systems	Roof Systems
72 Hours		4 Hours	16 Hours	12 Hours
		D	E	F
		Pre Engineered Building Erection	Windows Doors and Vapour Barrier	Tour (Optional)
		30 Hours	6 Hours	4 Hours
SECTION FOUR		A	В	С
REINFORCED CONCRETE	⇒	Reinforcing Steel	Reinforcing Steel Lab Practices	Post-Tensioning
30 Hours		12 Hours	6 Hours	6 Hours
		D		
		Advanced Reinforcing Steel Lab Practices		
		6 Hours		

Fourth Period (6 weeks 30 hours per week – total 180 Hours)

SECTION ONE	_	Α	В	с
DRAWING INTERPRETATION	⇒	Reinforcing Steel Drawings	Post-Tensioning Drawings	Curtain Walls
24 Hours	J	6 Hours	6 Hours	6 Hours
		D		
		Estimating		
		6 Hours		
SECTION TWO		A	В	С
ORNAMENTAL, MISCELLANEOUS AND CURTAIN WALL	\Rightarrow	Miscellaneous Steel and Iron	Curtain Wall	Stair Fabrication
92 Hours		14 Hours	18 Hours	6 Hours
		D	E	F
		Ladders, Platforms and Hand Railings	Pattern Development	Lab Practices
		6 Hours	6 Hours	42 Hours
SECTION THREE		A	В	
LEVEL FOUR RIGGING	⇒	Rigging Theory	Lab Practices	
30 Hours		12 Hours	18 Hours	
SECTION FOUR		A	В	C
REINFORCED CONCRETE	⇒	Post-tensioning	Lab Practices	Tours (Optional)
16 Hours		4 Hours	6 Hours	6 Hours
SECTION FIVE		A	В	СС
TRADE RELATED KNOWLEDGE	⇒	Business Knowledge	Materials Knowledge	Quality Control
18 Hours		10 Hours	6 Hours	2 Hours

FIRST PERIOD TECHNICAL TRAINING IRONWORKER TRADE COURSE OUTLINE

UPON SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THIS COURSE THE APPRENTICE SHOULD BE ABLE TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OUTCOMES AND OBJECTIVES.

SEC	O NOIT	NE:GENERAL SAFETY	46 HOURS
A.	Ironwo	orker Apprenticeship Training Program Orientation	2 Hours
	Outco	ome: Describe the responsibilities and opportunities in the Ironworker Trade	
	1.	Describe the apprenticeship training system in Alberta.	
	2.	Identify the training profile of Ironworker Apprenticeship in Alberta.	
	3.	Explain the Ironworker program outline learning outcomes and objectives.	
	4.	Describe the responsibilities for the Contract of Apprenticeship by the apprentice, employer and Apprenticeship and Industry Training.	Alberta
	5.	Identify industrial, commercial and construction fields that provide employment opportunities for in	ronworkers.
	6.	Discuss the contents of the apprenticeship training record book.	
	7.	Demonstrate the ability to complete an acceptable resume.	
В.	Hand a	and Power Tools	16 Hours
	Outco	ome: Use hand and power tools	
	1.	Describe and demonstrate the safe use of hand and power tools.	
	2.	Describe the safe use of typical tools used in the trade: a) measurement, layout and alignment tools b) squaring and marking tools c) heating, cutting and bending tools d) punching, boring and drilling tools e) securing and assembly tools f) prying and dismantling tools g) clamping tools h) grinding tools	
	3.	Describe the types and bonds of grinding stones.	
	4.	Demonstrate safety procedures for dressing grind stones.	
	5.	Describe the types of layout tools and their uses.	
	6.	Describe uses of tape measures, squares, scribes, centre punches trammels and chalk lines.	
	7.	List and describe: a) drill sizes b) drill speeds and feeds c) materials and cutting fluids d) uses of countersinking points	
	8.	Describe and demonstrate the correct use of levelling instruments.	
	9.	Describe and demonstrate the correct use of a transit level.	
	10	List the advantages of a transit level	

Define and describe a spirit level, laser levels.

11.

C.	Safety	•••••	4 Hours
	Outco	me	Use general safe work practices
	1.	Red	cognize and correct common causes of accidents in the work environment:
		a)	inattention to work
		b)	alcohol and drugs
		c)	prescription drugs
		d)	ineffective guarding
		e)	inadequate housekeeping
		f)	attitude
		g)	improper use of tools
		h)	unsuitable clothing
		i)	excessive haste
		-	fire
		j)	
		k)	horse play
		I)	lack of instruction
	2.		ntify the safety regulations as they apply to safe work practices in the trade on:
		a)	general safety precautions
		b)	house keeping, personal protective equipment and clothing
		c)	guards
		d)	grinding
		e)	rigging
	3.	Des	scribe and apply safety regulations on:
		a)	use of safeguards
		b)	ladders
		c)	protection from fallings materials
		d)	fall protection systems
		e)	scaffolds, bracket, poles, rolling, and power lifts
		f)	floor and roof openings, perimeter guardrails
		g)	temporary floors, temporary supporting structures
		9/	tomporary mosts, temperary supporting endetailed
D.	Lab Pr	actice	24 Hours
	Outco	me	Demonstrate the ability to do the following
	1.	Der	monstrate the ability to cope and punch holes using the ironworker machine.
	2.	Der	nonstrate the ability to start and finish a project from an approved drawing by:
		a)	laying out a fabrication
		b)	cutting steel with oxy-fuel cutting equipment and ironworker to suit layout
		c)	tack welding components together without distortion
		d)	grinding welds on frame and clean up project
E.	Fmerg	ency	First Aid and CPR - Prerequisite to Obtaining Journeyman Status
	2	J.10y .	The File and of the Protogatore of Samming Southly main Saute
			of the first aid course is the responsibility of the apprentice and must be supplied with record book prior to obtaining Journeyman Certification.
			nmediate on-the-spot first aid to persons with minor injuries and administer temporary emergency first aid seriously injured, as deemed adequate until qualified medical personnel is available.

Explain the responsibilities and duties of the first aid person.

Explain the diagnoses for:

respiratory failure

1.

2.

a)

b) burnsc) body injury

- 3. Applying artificial respiration.
- 4. Explain the process of freeing the victim of breathing restrictions.
- 5. Explain the process of applying mouth-to-mouth respiration.
- 6. Applying emergency treatment.
- 7. Describe the procedure for:
 - a) assessing injury
 - b) moving the patient
 - c) arresting bleeding
 - d) completing Workers' Compensation Board forms
- 8. Treating burns.
- 9. Explain the methods of:
 - a) quenching fire on a victim
 - b) treating various burns
- 10. Basic one-rescuer CPR.
- 11. Explain what cardiovascular disease is and how it kills.
- 12. Explain how to recognize cardiovascular emergencies (severe angina, heart attack, cardiac arrest, etc.) and choking by their signs and symptoms.
- 13. Demonstrate how to respond effectively to cardiovascular and choking emergencies.

SECTION TWO:......OXY-FUEL EQUIPMENT AND TACK WELDING.......36 HOURS

A. Oxy-Fuel Equipment and Cutting 9 Hours

Outcome: Demonstrate the knowledge of cutting equipment

- Describe oxy-fuel equipment.
- 2. Describe the construction of the oxygen and acetylene cylinders.
- 3. Explain the procedure for handling, transporting and storing cylinders.
- State the procedure for handling faulty cylinders.
- 5. Explain the construction and purpose of a manifold.
- 6. Describe the purpose of regulator.
- 7. Describe the basic construction and pressures involved for a single stage and double stage regulator.
- 8. Explain the construction of hoses.
- 9. Identify hoses and fittings.
- 10. Explain the C.S.A. specifications of hoses.
- 11. Sate the procedure for the repair and maintenance of hoses.
- 12. Describe the design and construction of cutting tips.
- 13. Describe and demonstrate the care, maintenance and selection of tips.
- 14. Demonstrate and explain the assembly of oxy-fuel equipment.
- 15. Explain and demonstrate the correct placement and securing of cylinders.
- 16. Explain and demonstrate the clearing and checking of cylinder valves.
- 17. Attach regulators safely and correctly.
- 18. Attach hoses and explain reason for cleaning new hoses.

19.	Attach confectly the barrer and tip.	
20.	Explain the correct procedure in checking for leaks.	
21.	Check to assure that the regulators were not used for any other purpose than for what they were inten-	ded.
22.	Demonstrate the correct pressures and flame adjustments.	
23.	Explain and demonstrate the correct regulator adjustments and balancing pressures.	
24.	List the reasons for backfires and flashbacks.	
25.	Define flame propagation.	
26.	Ignite the torch using the recommended striker.	
27.	Explain and demonstrate the different types of flames and uses.	
28.	List and demonstrate the acceptable shutting down procedure.	
29.	Demonstrate the fire prevention and controls for oxy-fuel equipment.	
30.	Identify the types of fire extinguishers available and where used.	
31.	Define hazardous areas in construction.	
32.	Describe how to prevent fires.	
Electric	Arc Welding	9 Hour
Outcon	ne: Identify SMAW Equipment	
1.	Explain basic electricity.	
2.	Define arc voltage.	
3.	Define alternating current and direct current.	
4.	Define resistance.	
5.	Explain duty cycle.	
6.	Define reverse and straight polarity.	
7.	Explain the heat distribution using reverse or straight polarity.	
8.	Explain voltage loss.	
9.	Demonstrate the knowledge of arc welding machines.	
10.	Describe the basic components and operation of various types of welding machines.	
11.	Describe the basic components and operation of AC - DC rectifier.	
12.	List the advantages and disadvantages of the various types of welding machines.	
13.	Explain the selecting, installing and maintenance of welding machines.	
14.	Explain the reasons for selecting a welding machine for a specific task.	
15.	Explain the consideration to be taken when installing a welding machine in a shop environment.	
16.	Explain the day-to-day maintenance required for welding machines.	
17.	Describe the accessories for welding machines.	
18.	Describe cable construction.	
19.	Explain cable sizing.	
20.	Describe the various types of electrode holders and explain the maintenance required.	
21.	Describe cable lugs, quick connectors and ground clamps.	

B.

- 22. Describe the controls on arc welding equipment.
- 23. Describe the controls on a welding machine.
- 24. Explain the arc characteristics in relation to the different voltage and amperage settings.
- 25. Identify mild steel welding electrodes.
- 26. Explain the numerical definitions of electrodes.
- 27. Explain the manufacturing specification control.
- 28. List the functions of the coating.
- 29. List the functions of the slag.
- 30. Explain the effects of alloy additions to the coating.
- 31. Explain static and dynamic loading.
- 32. Identify the types of welds:
 - a) fillet
 - b) groove
 - c) plug or slot
- 33. Identify the types of joints:
 - a) butt
 - b) lap
 - c) edge
 - d) tee
 - e) corner
- 34. Identify basic weld and welding symbols:
 - a) weld symbols
 - b) parts of the welding symbol
 - c) define arrow side and other side
- 35. Identify the types of basic weld faults.
- 36. Describe and define dimensional defects like warp age and wrong measurements.
- Describe and define notch effect.
- 38. Describe and define surface and internal defects like slag inclusions, porosity and lack of fusion.
- 39. Describe and define GMAW, FCAW, GTAW, SAW, PAW, CAC-A and stud welding equipment.
- 40. Describe welding safety.
- 41. Describe and wear proper welding apparel.
- 42. Describe and wear proper welding goggles.
- 43. Describe the process for fireproofing materials.
- 44. State the use of protective screens.
- 45. Describe a welding helmet and illustrate the proper placement of lenses.
- 46. Describe and illustrate safe housekeeping practices.
- 47. List the rays involved with welding and the effects associated with these rays.
- 48. Describe the procedures to protect oneself and the general public from harmful rays.
- 49. List the reasons for grounding of electrical equipment.

C. Demonstrate the ability to safely operate a hand held oxy-fuel cutting torch and SMAW Outcome: equipment Demonstrate the ability to safely operate a hand held oxy-fuel cutting torch on available plate and structural 1. shapes. 2. Perform safe set-up procedures. 3. Perform correct regulator adjustments and balancing pressures. 4. Perform straight line and bevel cutting on plate steel. 5. Perform cuts on various structural steel shapes. 6. Perform cutting of boltholes in structural shapes. 7. Coping and fitting of various structural shapes into each other. 8. Demonstrate the ability to tack weld. 9. Demonstrate the ability to weld surface welds (stringer beads) in the flat position on available mild steel using E7018 (E48018) filler material. 10. Demonstrate the ability to weld fillet welds in the 2F position using E6010 (E41010) filler material on available 11. Demonstrate the ability to weld fillet welds in the 2F position using E7018 (E48018) filler material on available steel. SECTION THREE: DRAWING INTERPRETATION AND MATHEMATICS 40 HOURS A. Outcome: Identify types of drawings 1. Identify the types of drawings: perspective drawings isometric drawings b) C) oblique drawings orthographic drawings 2. Demonstrate the ability to sketch objects in the orthographic projection. 3. Identify the parts of a drawing: a) lines b) dimensions c) elevation and plan views d) sections notes e) 4. Explain the relationship of drawings. 5. Explain the requirements for architectural drawings.

- Identify and demonstrate the use of drawing standards:
 - a) tile block
 - b) drawing number
 - c) contract numbers
 - d) scale

6.

e) revisions

Explain thereasons for structural, mechanical, electrical, pre-engineered fabrication and erection and placing

	i) engineers stamp	
8.	Identify symbols and abbreviations: a) abbreviations used on drawings b) symbols used on drawings c) structural steel shapes d) structural steel connections e) basic welding symbols	
9.	Demonstrate the ability to free hand sketch: a) structural shapes b) a beam showing dimensions	
10.	Interpretation of basic drawings.	
Trade	Mathematics	24 Hour
Fractio	ons (120104a)	
Outco	ome: Solve problems involving fractions	
1.	Identify key terms and concepts used in working with fractions.	
2.	Change fractions to a common denominator.	
3.	Solve problems using whole numbers and fractions.	
4.	Solve problems using whole numbers and fractions in practical applications.	
Decim	als (120104b)	
Outco	ome: Solve problems involving decimals	
1.	Read and write decimal fractions.	
2.	Round decimal fractions to specified place values.	
3.	Convert decimal inches to a fraction with a practical denominator.	
4.	Convert decimal feet to feet and inches with a practical denominator.	
5.	Convert fractions to decimals.	
6.	Add and subtract decimal fractions.	
7.	Multiply and divide decimal fractions.	
Percer	ntage and Ratios (120104c)	
Outco	ome: Solve problems involving percentage and ratios	
1.	Convert between fractions and percents.	
2.	Convert between decimals and percents.	

B.

1.

2.

3.

4.

Solve percent problems.

Calculate ratio problems: two quantities in the form of a ratio and two ratios in the form of a proportion.

4. Metric and Imperial Measurement (120104d)

Outcome: Solve problems involving metric and imperial measure

- 1. Identify commonly used metric units of measurement.
- Convert between units of measurement.
- 3. Convert imperial units: feet to inches, square inches to square feet, and cubic measures to gallons.

5. Geometric Formulas (120104e)

Outcome: Solve problems involving geometric formulas

- 1. Identify key terms and concepts used in working with formulas.
- 2. Identify common formulas for perimeter, area and volume.
- 3. Solve problems using common formulas for perimeter, area and volume.
- 4. Calculate the capacity of a container in gallons.
- 5. Calculate the weight of a solid.

SECTION FOUR:	LEVEL	ONE RIGGING	 58 HOURS

A. Ropes and Fittings 12 Hours

Outcome: Apply safe work practices and procedures when rigging

- 1. Identify and define wire ropes.
- 2. List the types of steel for wire rope.
- 3. List and explain:
 - a) basic types of lays
 - b) advantages of lays
 - c) available type of core
 - d) where cores are used
- Describe the four basic classifications of wire rope.
- 5. Explain W.L.L. (working load limits) and when a wire rope is unsafe.
- 6. Identify and define fibre ropes.
- 7. Define lays of fibre rope.
- 8. Describe why a certain fiber would be used.
- 9. List factors and formulas for natural and synthetic fiber ropes.
- 10. Describe types of synthetic ropes why and when used.
- 11. Identify and list the use of various knots and hitches.
- 12. Identify and define synthetic slings.
- Explain formulas for different types of synthetic slings.
- 14. Explain proper methods of care and handling of slings.
- List and describe wire rope fittings.

	c) thir d) ring	ckets nbles gs ackles	
17.	Describe	how proof loading works.	
18.	a) slin b) guy	ys ains	
19.	Identify a	and describe rigging aids.	
20.	a) spr b) bala	and describe the uses for: reader bar ance beam ualizing beam	
Hoistin	g Devices		6 Hours
Outco	ne:	Identify and describe hoisting devices	
1.	List and	describe manual and power assisted hoisting devices.	
2.	a) type b) par c) par	describe cranes: es of mobile cranes ts of a mobile crane ts of a crawler e operating and working practices for cranes	
Introdu	ction to Lo	oad Charts	2 Hours
Outco	ne:	The ability to identify parts of load charts	
1.	a) type b) type c) are d) leng e) ang	describe the following parts of a load chart: e of crane base e of crane configuration as of operation gth of boom gle of boom d radius	
Signals	•••••		2 Hours
Outco	ne:	ldentify and demonstrate the use of signals	
1.	a) mo	demonstrate signals used for: ving equipment sting	
2.		methods and precautions in using hand signals.	
3.	a) rad	e and demonstrate the use of voice communications: io (2 way and walkie-talkie) ercom (station to station)	

List and describe uses of the following fittings:

16.

Outco	me:	Demonstrate the safe use of hoisting equipment.	
1.	Der	nonstrate slings and hitches used for preparing and lifting materials.	
2.	Der	nonstrate the abiliity to tie knots and hitches and be aware of load limits:	
	a)	bowline	
	b)	clove hitch	
	c)	sheet bend	
	d)	scaffold hitch and self-centering bowline	
	e)	bowline on a bight	
3.	Der	nonstrate the proper use of slings and tag lines.	
4.	Der	nonstrate proper use and location of slings for lifting:	
	a)	smooth heavy loads	
	b)	long flexible loads	
	c)	off balance loads	
	d)	fragile loads	
5.	lder	ntify Working Load Limits (W.L.L.).	
6.	Tes	t knots and splices.	
Scaffo	lding.		3 Ho
Outco	me:	Apply safe work practices when using scaffolding	
1.	Ider	ntify scaffold systems and structures:	
	a)	scaffold components and materials	
	b)	scaffold safety and access	
	c)		
		tying and bracing scaffolds	
	d)	·	
	d) e)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds	
		tying and bracing scaffolds	
2.	e) f)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures	
	e) f) List	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures.	2 Ц.
	e) f) List	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform	3 H
	e) f) List Stage	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures.	3 Ho
Swing	e) f) List Stage me:	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms scribe and explain:	3 Но
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms scribe and explain: conventional swing stage	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components	3 H
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks	3 H
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs	3 H
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f) g)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists fall arrest equipment	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists fall arrest equipment wire rope and fittings	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. Apply safe work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists fall arrest equipment wire rope and fittings swing stage safety rules and regulations	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. Apply safe work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists fall arrest equipment wire rope and fittings swing stage safety rules and regulations accident awareness	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j) k)	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. and Aerial Work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists fall arrest equipment wire rope and fittings swing stage safety rules and regulations accident awareness check list, precautions, inspections, and maintenance	3 Н
Swing Outco	e) f) List Stage me: Des a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j) k) Des	tying and bracing scaffolds base conditions for scaffolds erection and dismantling procedures needle beam platform and describe safety rules for access structures. Apply safe work Platforms Apply safe work practices when using swing stage and aerial work platforms cribe and explain: conventional swing stage platform components thrust outs and support hooks wall rollers and tie offs manual winches power swing stage hoists fall arrest equipment wire rope and fittings swing stage safety rules and regulations accident awareness	3 Н

- 4. Describe acceptable safety precautions to be used when operating material and personal lifts.
- 5. Introduce load charts for aerial work platforms and forklifts.
- H. Fall Protection ______2 Hours

Outcome: Demonstrate and describe the safe use of fall protection systems.

- 1. Demonstrate and describe the safe use of fall protection systems.
- 2. Identify situations where fall protection systems are required.
- 3. Demonstrate the procedure for correctly fitting a harness.
- 4. Identify the components for vertical and horizontal lifelines.
- 5. Describe the procedures for equipment inspections.

Outcome: Demonstrate the ability to safely use scaffolding, swing stage, aerial work platforms and fall protection systems.

- 1. Demonstrate the ability to erect the following scaffold systems:
 - a) frame (metal)
 - b) modular
 - c) tube and clamp
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to use swing stage and aerial work platforms.
- 3. Demonstrate the ability to use fall protection systems.

SECOND PERIOD TECHNICAL TRAINING IRONWORKER TRADE COURSE OUTLINE

UPON SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THIS COURSE THE APPRENTICE SHOULD BE ABLE TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OUTCOMES AND OBJECTIVES.

SEC	CTION O	۱E:	DRAWING INTERPRETATION AND MATHEMA	TICS54 HOUR
Α.	Drawii	ngs		18 Hours
	Outco	me:	Identify structural steel components	
	1.	Ide	ntify and list structural steel components:	
		a)	girts	
		b)	purlins	
		c)	bracing	
		d)	bays and bents	
		e)	columns	
		f)	trusses	
		g)	girders	
		h)	beams	
	2.	Ide	ntify anchor bolt setting:	
	۷.	a)	orientation	
		b)	grid lines	
		c)	anchor bolt patterns	
		d)	anchor bolt projection	
		e)	shims and grouting	
		f)	base plate elevations	
		g)	anchor boit plan	
		9)	and for bott plan	
	3.	lde	ntify single frame structures:	
		a)	single frame buildings	
		b)	beams and columns	
		c)	multi frame buildings	
		d)	bracing	
	4.	Ide	ntify fabrication drawings:	
		a)	fabrication drawings	
		b)	gauge, pitch and edge distances	
		c)	running dimensions	
		d)	fabrication practices	
	-	اماما		
	5.		ntify erection drawings:	
		a)	erection drawings	
		b)	marking system	
		c)	erection pre-planning	
		d)	erection tolerances	
		e) f)	leveling and plumbing safety	
		<i>'</i>		
	6.		ntify trusses and portal frames:	
		a)	components	
		p)	spacing	
		c)	bracing and bridging	

d)

decking

B.	Materia	al Des	signations	12 Hours
	Outco	me:	Identify and describe various structural steel shapes, types and fasteners.	
	1.	lde a) b) c)	entify structural steel shapes: dimensioning of shapes types of connections mill tolerances	
		d)	material specifications	
	2.	Ide	entify structural plates.	
	3.	Ide	entify various plate dimensions	
	4.	Cal	lculate weight of plates	
	5.	Ide	entify:	
		a)	gauge plate	
		b)	expanded metal	
		c)	bar grating	
		d)	checker plate (4 way safety)	
	•	اماما		
	6.		entify structural pipe and tubing:	
		a)	pipe and tubing	
		b)	sizing and dimensioning	
		c)	scheduling of pipe	
		d)	illlustrations of tubing	
	7.	Ide	entify fasteners:	
		a)	types of bolts	
		b)	bolt diameters	
		c)	bolt grip and length	
		d)	methods of installation	
			precautions for use	
		e) f)	fasterners to other types of materials	
		1)	lasterners to other types of materials	
C.	Mather	natics	s	24 HOURS
	The	ath a se	nation delivered under this postion aball maintain a level applicable to the tradesus and	and house a definite
			natics delivered under this section shall maintain a level applicable to the tradesmar to functions experienced in the trade of an Ironworker.	i, and have a delimite
	Outcome:		Demonstrate the ability to solve mathematical problems.	
	1.	Der	emonstrate ability to solve imperial and metric linear measurement problems using:	
		a)	fractions	
		b)	decimals	
		c)	conversions between decimal and fractions	
	2.	Cal	lculate ratios and proportions.	
	3.	Cal	lculate similar triangles.	
	4.	Cal	lculate slopes.	
	5.	Cal	lculate percentages:	
		a)	calculate simple interest	
		b)	calculate discounts	
	•			
	6.		liculate the perimeter and area of:	
		a)	squares and rectangles	
		b)	triangles	
		c)	circular objects	
		d)	parallelograms	
		e)	irregular shapes	

7. Solve area measurement problems using: unit of area measure b) conversions of area units plane figures (rectangle, circle, etc.) 8. Solve volume measurement problems using: units of volume measurement conversions of volume units b) c) volume figures (cube, cone, etc.) Calculate quantities related to study of plans and drawings: 9. general - scaffolding, equipment use, etc. cutting list for specified projects b) fasteners required c) 10. Define triangulation using the appropriate formulas, calculate a position by means of bearings from two fixed points a known distance part. Rigging Theory6 Hours Outcome: Describe types of rigging procedures 1. List and describe formulas. 2 Perform calculations with rigging formulas: deadman a) drum capacities b) sheaves C) stress formulas 3. Pre-cast erection theory. 4. List and describe the following: sling configurations methods of transferring loads b) safety rules for handling pre-cast objects Apply the S.W.F. into various load and sling configurations. 5. 6. Use slings and general rope hardware tables and charts. 7. Determine the safe working load that can be lifted with a given rigging arrangement. Outcome: Apply safe rigging practices 1. Slings. 2. Determine the center of gravity for different types of loads such as: structural members of different designations b) regular plates

24

В.

C)

d)

3.

4.

pre-cast

components machinery

Hoisting and jacking equipment.

Demonstrate the use of sling stress formulas.

- Perform rigging, hoisting and jacking operations in a safe and responsible manner in accordance with the Health and Safety Act and any other applicable regulations.
- 6. Rig loads safely and correctly for:
 - a) straight lifts
 - b) drifting
 - c) turning

Outcome: Describe safe procedures for lifting, hoisting or moving loads

- Crane usage.
- Demonstrate or describe:
 - a) general use of tables and charts
 - b) signals
 - c) boom assembly and disassembly
 - d) components
 - e) breakdown for transportation
 - f) safety precautions
 - g) deductions from gross capacity to determine net capacity
- Describe the reason for and load reduction when jib is fitted on the boom.
- 4. List and describe tower cranes:
 - a) parts of a tower crane
 - b) the steps of assembly
 - c) safe working practices
- 4. Crane identification.
- 5. Identify and describe the following cranes:
 - a) hydraulic
 - b) conventional
 - c) rough terrain
 - d) high capacity
- 6. List and describe derricks:
 - a) types of derricks and their uses
 - b) ground rules and safety practices
- 7. Describe and explain uses for guy wires.
- 8. Define and explain the word "dead man".
- 9. Describe and explain winches:
 - a) winches and their uses
 - b) a drum and its capacity
 - c) safety rules
- 10. Sketch sheave and define sheave size.
- 11. Demonstrate the knowledge of signals.
- 12. List the basic conditions for counterweight installation and removal.

	HREE:STRUCTURAL STEEL AND REINFORCED CONCRETE	
Cond	rete	6 I
Outo	come: Describe the basics of concrete and it's usage	
1.	Basics of concrete.	
2.	Describe the various types of cement.	
3.	Explain the history of cement.	
4.	Describe concrete and list its uses.	
5.	Describe grouts and explain applications.	
6.	Stresses in concrete.	
7.	List the basic principles of: a) compression b) tension c) shear d) live and dead loads e) physical and mechanical bonds	
8.	Effects of steel in concrete.	
9.	List the basic principles of deflection as reinforcing steel is used to counteract the stresse	es in concrete.
10.	Describe conditions where reinforcing in concrete is needed.	
1.	Introduction to reinforcing steel and concrete drawings.	
2.	Reinforcing steel manufacturing.	
3.	Describe the reinforcing steel and mill standards.	
4.	Identify the various grade strengths and diameters of reinforcing steel.	
5.	Fabrication of reinforcing steel.	
6.	Identify reinforcing steel according to colour coding.	
7.	Describe appropriate fabrication methods including: a) cutting b) bending c) calculating and measuring d) cutting and bending schedules	
8.	Explain and demonstrate safe use of bending and cutting equipment.	
9.	Placing of reinforcing steel.	
10.	Explain the placing codes.	
11.	Describe the basic reinforcing steel ties required for placing reinforcing steel.	
12.	Explain the uses of the reinforcing steel ties in placing reinforcing steel.	
13.	Identify all reinforcing steel splicing.	
14.	Calculate the splicing lengths of reinforcing steel.	
15.	Identify the placing tools required to place reinforcing steel.	

16.	Identify and describe the uses of reinforcing steel supports used in placing.
17.	Safety in fabrication and placing of reinforcing steel.
18.	List and demonstrate the safety precautions of unloading reinforcing steel.
19.	Describe the safety precautions used in tying reinforcing steel.
20.	Identify all aspects of unsafe use of reinforcing steel placing tools.
Reinfo	rcing Steel Lab Practices24 Hours
Outco	me: Demonstrate the ability to sort, cut, place and tie reinforcing steel
1.	Fabrication of reinforcing steel.
2.	Sort reinforcing steel according to size.
3.	Cut reinforcing steel according to a cutting list using the shearing machine in a safe, efficient manner.
4.	Apply colour code to the reinforcing steel to identify cutting lengths.
5.	Demonstrate safe operation of the bending machine.
6.	Bend reinforcing steel into 90° and 180° hook bars as per bending sheet using the bending machine and correct pin diameter.
7.	Tie the cut and bent reinforcing steel into bundles.
8.	Placement of reinforcing steel.
9.	Tie wire ties in the horizontal and vertical positions.
10.	Tie a double curtain wall according to specifications on a drawing.
11.	Tie columns as per column schedule.
12.	Tie a reinforcing steel mat as per information sheet.
Structu	ıral Steel4 Hours
Outco	me: Demonstrate the ability to read and understand structural steel drawings
1.	Identify: a) structural steel placing drawings b) anchor bolt layouts c) structural steel components from a drawing d) components from open web steel joists e) various types of bracing and its use f) structural steel fabrication details
2.	Calculate the weights and prepare material take-offs of structural steel drawings.
Structu	ıral Steel Lab Practices18 Hours
Outco	me: Apply safe work practices when erecting structural steel
1.	Demonstrate the ability to do the pre-planning for a building.
2.	Determine size and weight of building materials.
3.	Determine the sequence for erecting the structural steel.
4.	Determine the size of the mobile crane needed and the location of crane on site.
5.	Check levels of the base and anchor bolt patterns.

C.

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- 6. Ensure that all materials are on site.
- 7. Apply safe work practices and procedures for use of mobile cranes.
- 8. Locate and level mobile crane on site.
- 9. Rig up the mobile using the correct slings.
- 10. Use correct hand signals for hoisting material.
- 11. Follow safe hoisting procedures.
- 12. Demonstrate the ability to erect a building.
- 13. Hoist and locate the columns in the correct location.
- 14. Level and square columns on the bases.
- 15. Install temporary guys.
- 16. Plumb and square the structural frame using guy lines, bracing, leveling shims and transit.
- 17. Hoist, erect and bolt all secondary structural and bracing in the correct position.
- 18. Torque bolts to proper specifications:
 - a) impact
 - b) turn of nut method
- 19. Use recognized safety procedures.

THIRD PERIOD TECHNICAL TRAINING IRONWORKER TRADE COURSE OUTLINE

UPON SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THIS COURSE THE APPRENTICE SHOULD BE ABLE TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OUTCOMES AND OBJECTIVES.

The ability to interpret reinforcing steel drawings Outcome: Reinforcing steel theory. 2 Identify: architectural drawings a) b) structural drawings c) reinforcing steel placing drawings reinforcing steel abbreviations and symbols 3. Sketch an orthographic projection drawing. 4 Identify the following types of concrete construction from structural engineering and reinforcing steel placing drawings: a) foundations and footings b) walls c) columns d) slabs beams, joists, and girders 5. Types of reinforcing steel drawings. 6. Identify and compile: the reinforcing steel from a structural engineering drawing a) b) the reinforcing steel from a reinforcing steel placing drawing a cutting or bar list from a reinforcing steel placing drawing 7. Identify and prepare schedules from a structural engineering drawing: a) footings b) columns beams and joists c) d) slabs 8. Reinforcing steel placing drawings. 9. Interpret and analyze the following reinforcing steel drawings: a) foundations and footings b) wall and columns one way slabs and two way slabs C) d) beams and slab e) beam joists and waffle slabs waffle slabs f) bridge decks, piers and abutments g) tanks and silos h) i) pre-cast members j) reinforcing steel placing

Interpret the placing sequences for two way flat slab and for a beam and a slab.

10.

Post-Tensioning Drawings 6 Hours B. The ability to interpret post-tensioning drawings Outcome: 1. Identify the two types of post-tensioning as shown on drawings: bonded b) unbonded 2. Identify the post-tensioning system being used as shown on drawings: a) wire b) bar c) strand 3. Identify the post-tensioning anchorage needs as shown on drawings: pocket clearance anchor recess b) C) anchor zone reinforcing d) type of anchorages types of stressing equipment 4. Identify the post-tensioning symbols and abbreviations used on drawings: stressing ends anchorages dead end anchorages b) C) support systems d) tendon symbols e) drape profile anchor zone reinforcing 5. Identify the types of post-tensioning concrete construction from structural engineering and post-tensioning drawings: slabs a) b) beams slabs and beams c) d) beams and joists e) bridge girders silos, tanks, and slab on grade 6. Identify and compile: the post-tensioning requirements from a structural engineering drawing b) tendon cutting list from a post-tension placing drawing c) a stressing data sheet from the tendons from a post-tensioning drawing calculate elongations and stressing lengths from post-tensioning drawings

7.

Prepare material take offs for:

the post-tensioning support system anchorages and anchor zone reinforcing

C. Due to the nature of application in the trade of Ironworker, the mathematics given under this section shall be flexible and applied to the work where feasible. Outcome: Demonstrate the ability to solve mathematical problems 1. Measurement. 2. Solve problems using: fractions b) decimals dimensions (metric and imperial) 3. Trigonometry. Describe and layout slopes. 4. 5. Solve problems between distance and angles using: sin functions b) cos functions tan functions C) 6. Problem solving. 7. Demonstrate ability to use suitable formulas to solve given problems related to: perimeters a) b) areas c) volumes triangulation d) SECTION TWO: ______ 10 HOURS Describe types of rigging procedures Outcome: 1. Describe mechanical advantage of reeving. 2. Define friction. 3. List and describe: types of reeving methods of reeving b) advantages and disadvantages of reeving 4. Calculate the mechanical advantage of block and tackle systems. 5. Determine the lead line pull when the number of parts and load weight including rope size are known. 6. Identify the factors that determine the amount of wire rope needed for a reeving system. Identify types of sheaves, friction bearings and the coefficient of friction expressed in percent. 7.

3.	Lab Pi	ractices	urs
	Outco	ome: Demonstrate the ability to do basic rigging	
	1.	Block and tackle.	
	2.	Demonstrate or describe safe work practices of block and tackle involving reeving techniques: a) square b) skip c) tandem d) equalizer sheaves e) lacing f) reeving of simple and multi-blocks up to 24 parts	
	3.	Calculate the mechanical advantage of block and tackle systems.	
	4.	Determine the lead line pull when the number of parts and load weight including rope size are known.	
	5.	Apply U bolt clips correctly making parallel splice.	
SEC	TION TH	IREE:STRUCTURAL STEEL AND METAL BUILDING SYSTEMS ERECTOR72 HOL	IRS
۸.	Metal	Building Systems Erector Drawing Interpretation 4 Ho	urs
	Outco	me: Demonstrate the ability to read and understand metal building systems drawings	
3.	Wall S	ystems 16 Ho	urs
	Outco	me: Describe metal building walls	
	1.	Describe the terminology of wall systems.	
	2.	Explain panel profile, gage number and panel coatings.	
	3.	Describe and differentiate between exposed fastener panels and concealed fastener panels.	
	4.	Discuss the field storage and handling of wall panels.	
	5.	Describe types of factory-assembled wall panels.	
	6.	Describe layout and installation of walls.	
	7.	Describe sheeting safety considerations.	
	8.	Install a base angle using masonry fasteners.	
	9.	List and describe tools required for installing wall coverings.	
	10.	Describe the shakeout, rigging, and handling of wall coverings.	
	11.	Describe the process used to align grits with blocking.	
	12.	Lay out modularity prior to installing wall coverings.	
	13.	Describe how the direction of sheeting is determined.	
	14.	Describe the procedure used to pre-drill a stack of wall panels.	
	15.	Discuss the procedures used to install: a) exposed wall fastener wall panels	
	16.	Describe and demonstrate correct scaffolding practices common to wall installation practices.	

17.	a) framing b) flashing	
18.	Discuss considerations when sheeting end walls.	
19.	Describe the cutting and installation of factory-assembled wall panels.	
20.	Sandwich panel systems.	
Roof Sy	ystems	12 Hours
Outcor	me: Describe metal building roof systems	
1.	Describe panel types and systems design.	
2.	Describe the various loads to which a metal roof is subjected.	
3.	List and describe the components of lap seam metal roofs.	
4.	State common characteristics shared by standing seam metal roof systems.	
5.	Discuss and describe the: a) advantages and limitations of standing and lap seam metal roofs b) types of coatings used on standing and lap seam metal roof panels c) sealant requirements for standing and lap seam systems	
6.	Describe the safety involved in working on roofs.	
7.	Discuss safety considerations when working off the ground.	
8.	Describe the potential panel dangers during metal roofing: a) collapse b) slippery c) loose panels d) wind	
9.	Discuss material handling dangers.	
10.	Describe installation of metal roofs with lap seams, standing seams and sandwich systems.	
11.	State the factors considered in pre-erection planning.	
12.	Describe the general sequence of erection for standing seam roof systems.	
13.	Discuss eave conditions, ridge conditions and rake conditions.	
14.	Discuss skylights, curbs and walkway systems.	
15.	Describe the procedures used to block purlins according to manufacture's specifications.	
16.	Describe insulation placement in conformance with the requirements of the specified roof system.	
17.	Describe procedure used to lay out panel modularity.	
18.	Describe the installation of roof and ridge panels in conformance with the requirements of the roof	system.
19.	Describe proper splicing of gutter sections.	
Pre-Eng	gineered Building Erection	30 Hours
Outcor	me: Apply safe work practices when erecting a pre-engineered metal building	
1.	Demonstrate the ability to do the pre-planning for a pre-engineered building.	

C.

D.

2.

3.

Determine size and weight of building materials.

Determine the sequence for erecting the structural steel.

4.	Determine the size of the mobile crane needed and the location of crane on site.	
5.	Check levels of the base and anchor bolt patterns.	
6.	Ensure that all materials are on site.	
7.	Apply safe work practices and procedures for use of mobile cranes: a) locate and level mobile crane on site b) rig up the mobile crane using the correct slings c) use correct hand signals for hoisting material d) follow safe hoisting procedures	
8.	Demonstrate the ability to erect a pre-engineered metal building: a) hoist and locate the columns in the correct location b) level and square columns on the bases c) install temporary guys d) plumb and square the structural frame using guy lines, bracing, leveling shims and transit e) hoist, erect and bolt all secondary structural and bracing in the correct position f) torque bolts to proper specifications i) impact ii) turn of nut method g) install wall and roof systems h) use recognized safety procedures	
9.	Demonstrate the ability to dismantle a metal building: a) loosen all bolts in correct sequence b) dismantle and lower all structural steel and metal building components in the correct sequence c) place in storage all structural steel and metal building components using correct and safe meth d) de-rig the mobile crane using appropriate safety procedures e) clean up site	
Vindo	ws Doors and Air Barrier	6 Hours
Outco	me: Describe proper installation of windows, doors and air barrier	
1.	Describe and discuss insulation backings used as vapour barriers.	
2.	Other types of air barriers: a) polyurethane b) liner panels (caulked and sealed)	
3.	Describe cutting rough openings for windows and doors: a) while sheeting b) after building is sheeted	
4.	Explain finishing of openings: a) sealants required b) flashings c) insulation	
our (C	Optional)	4 Hours
J. (C		

E.

F.

SECTION FOUR:		DUR:REINFORCED CONCRETE	30 HOURS
Α.	Reinfo	rcing Steel	12 Hours
	Outco	me: Describe the basics of reinforcing steel and its safe usage	
	1.	Demonstrate an ability to calculate the weights of reinforcing steel.	
	2.	Review introduction to reinforcing steel and concrete.	
В.	Reinforcing Steel Lab Practices		6 Hours
	Outco	me: Demonstrate the ability to sort, cut, place and tie reinforcing steel	
	1.	Perform the following: a) shear reinforcing steel from cutting list b) bend reinforcing steel from bending schedule c) colour code all sheared and bent reinforcing steel	
	2.	Place a two-way flat slab from a drawing using the correct: a) placing sequence b) support systems c) ties for securing reinforcing steel	
	3.	Demonstrate safe working practices while operating equipment: a) inspection of reinforcing steel for a flat slab from the drawing b) check that all reinforcing steel i) is in the correct position ii) is correctly tied iii) is lapped correctly iv) has the correct sequence	
	4.	Dismantle reinforcing steel: a) untie all the wires from the reinforcing steel b) remove all the chairing and replace in correct location c) sort all reinforcing steel in correct location d) clean up the deck and the equipment e) dispose of all loose wire	
C.	Post-T	ensioning	6 Hours
	Outco	me: Describe post-tensioning its usage and safety issues	
	1.	Post-tensioning.	
	2.	Define post-tensioning.	
	3.	List and explain the safety aspects of stressing.	
	4.	Identify the two types of post-tensioning: a) bonded b) unbonded	
	5.	Identify the post-tensioning systems: a) bar b) strand	

- 6. Identify the post-tensioning anchorages:
 - type of anchorages a)
 - b) single strand anchor
 - C) mult-strand anchor
 - d) bell anchor
 - e) shim anchor
 - lock nut anchor
 - anchor zone reinforcing g)
 - anchor recess and pocket clearances h)
- 7. Define prestressing.

D.

Outcome:

8. List and explain the applications of prestressing.

Demonstrate the ability to sort, cut, place and tie reinforcing steel

- 1. Fabrication of reinforcing steel.
- 2. Sort reinforcing steel according to size.
- 3. Cut reinforcing steel according to a cutting list using the shearing machine in a safe, efficient manner.
- 4. Apply colour code to the reinforcing steel to identify cutting lengths.
- Bend reinforcing steel into 90° and 180° hook bars as per bending sheet using the bending machine and 5. correct pin diameter.
- 6. Demonstrate safe operation of the bending machine.
- 7. Tie the cut and bent reinforcing steel into bundles.
- 8. Placement of reinforcing steel.
- 9. Tie wire ties in the horizontal and vertical positions.
- 10. Tie a double curtain wall according to specifications on a drawing.
- 11. Tie columns as per column schedule.
- 12. Tie a reinforcing steel mat as per information sheet.
- 13. Tie a reinforcing steel beam as per placing drawing.

FOURTH PERIOD TECHNICAL TRAINING IRONWORKER TRADE COURSE OUTLINE

UPON SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THIS COURSE THE APPRENTICE SHOULD BE ABLE TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OUTCOMES AND OBJECTIVES.

SEC	TION ONE:	DRAWING INTERPRETATION24 HOURS		
A	Reinforcing Steel Drawings			
	Outcome:	Demonstrate the ability to read and interpret reinforcing steel drawings		
	1. Inter a) b)	rpret: various types of reinforcing steel drawings different types of construction		
	2. Inter	rpret of reinforcing steel placing drawings.		
В.	Post-Tension	ning Drawings 6 Hours		
	Outcome:	Demonstrate the ability to read and interpret post-tensioning drawings		
	1. Inter	pret of post-tensioning drawings.		
	2. Com	pile material take-offs from post-tensioning placing drawings.		
c.	Curtain Wall	6 Hours		
	Outcome:	Interpret curtain wall drawings		
	1. Dete a) b)	ermine: the important measurements for the layout of a curtain wall the type of anchorage system used to position the curtain wall		
D.	Estimating	6 Hours		
	Outcome:	Calculate the costs of labour and materials for projects		
	1. Calc a) b) c)	culate material quantities related to a study of a specific plan or drawing of: general material handling, equipment use, etc. material list fasteners		
	2. Calc	culate labour cost from given man-hours for fabricated units or components.		
	3. Com	npute total production costs including given percentages of overhead costs.		
SEC	TION TWO:	ORNAMENTAL, MISCELLANEOUS AND CURTAIN WALL92 HOURS		
A.	Miscellaneou	s Steel and Iron14 Hours		
	Outcome:	Describe miscellaneous steel and iron		
	1. Des	cribe the meaning of ornamental iron.		
	2. List	uses for ornamental iron.		

	miscellaneous iron.	
4.	Describe the finish on special materials.	
5.	List items that are in the miscellaneous category.	
6.	List and explain in order of merit, the safe rules to follow.	
7.	Describe and explain the sub framing and steel supports.	
8.	Describe and explain the procedures and rules for erection of a chain link fence.	
9.	Describe proper installation of mail chutes and explain the materials used.	
Curtain	Wall	. 18 Hours
Outcon	ne: Describe the basics of curtain walls	
1.	List and describe:	
	a) types of curtain walls	
	b) materials used on each	
	c) uses of each type	
	d) methods of anchoring	
	e) proper installation methods for each type	
	f) recommended methods for safe handling g) sequence and storage methods employed on the job site	
	g) sequence and storage methods employed on the job siteh) special finishes	
Stair Fa	brication	6 Hours
Outcon	ne: Describe basics of stair fabrication	
Outcon	te. Describe basics of stall fabrication	
1.	Define common stair terminology.	
2.	Describe standard safety requirements.	
3.	State how Alberta Building Code Regulations and customer design criteria affect stair design.	
4.	Identify common steel stair material.	
5.	State common stair design rules.	
6.	State 3 stair calculation rules.	
7.	Describe field measurement procedure.	
Ladders	Platforms and Hand Rails	6 Hours
Outcon	ne: Describe basics of ladders, platforms and hand rails	
1.	Describe principle types and sizing.	
2.	Describe basic components and appropriate material selection.	
3.	Describe methods of layout and assembly, anchorage points.	
4.	Describe proper procedure for fabrication and shipping.	
5.	Describe proper finishing, surface protection and anchoring procedures following standard safety requirements.	

Explain what safety measures must be taken when fabricating and erecting ornamental iron and

3.

B.

C.

D.

1.	Apply principles of parallel line development to layout the stretch out templates for 90's connections.	and lateral
Lab P	ractices	42 Hour
Outco	ome: Demonstrate the ability to fabricate projects	
1.	Layout a project from an approved drawing.	
2.	Demonstrate appropriate cutting and fitting methods.	
3.	Demonstrate correct welding procedures and complete the project.	
4.	Demonstrate ability to apply the appropriate finishing materials.	
5.	Demonstrate ability to fabricate a curtain wall.	
6.	Calculate rise, run, step length and stringer length given total rise and total run.	
7.	Layout a pair of stringers from a shop drawing.	
TION TH	IREE: LEVEL FOUR RIGGING THEORY	30 HOUR
Riggin	g Theory	12 Hou
1719911		12 110ai
Outco	ome: Describe advanced rigging practices	
	Describe advanced rigging practices Describe advanced procedures for rigging:	
Outco	Describe advanced rigging practices Describe advanced procedures for rigging: a) horizontal high lines b) multiple member lifts (Christmas Trees)	
Outco	Describe advanced rigging practices Describe advanced procedures for rigging: a) horizontal high lines b) multiple member lifts (Christmas Trees) c) rigging accessories	
Outco	Describe advanced rigging practices Describe advanced procedures for rigging: a) horizontal high lines b) multiple member lifts (Christmas Trees) c) rigging accessories d) new technology hardware and slings	
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a) tie various knots

- b) reeving skip square and lacing with equalizer
- c) apply U bolt clips correctly making parallel splice
- 2. Demonstrate how to:
 - a) set up wire rope in splicing clamp and splice eye in wire rope
 - b) form farmers eye using ½" wire rope
 - c) lower your self when using a bosuns chair in the correct method (optional)
- Demonstrate proper use and location of slings for lifting:
 - a) smooth heavy loads
 - b) long flexible loads
 - c) off balance loads
 - d) fragile loads

SEC	CTION FO	UR:REINFORCED CONCRETE	16 HOURS
A.	Post-Te	ensioning	4 Hours
	Outcoi	ne: Describe advanced procedures for post-tensioning	
	1.	Review basic post-tensioning.	
	2.	Post-tensioning systems.	
	3.	Post-tensioning anchorages.	
	4.	Stressing and stressing equipment.	

6. Placing of post-tensioning.

5.

7. Explain the procedures in tendon placement.

State the safe stressing procedures.

- 8. Identify and describe the use of the tendon support system.
- 9. Explain the procedures in placing anchor zone reinforcing.

B. Lab Practices 6 Hours

Outcome: Demonstrate the ability to operate stressing equipment, a grouting pump and fabricate a beam

- Demonstrate the operation of stressing equipment.
- 2. Identify the parts of the stressing pump.
- Operation the stressing pump.
- List safety precautions of the pumping operation.
- 5. Identify the parts of various stressing jacks.
- 6. Operate two types of stressing jacks together.
- Identify safe method to check stressing gauges.
- 8. Demonstrate setting the by-pass safety valve on stressing jack.
- 9. Demonstrate the operation of post tension grouting pump.
- 10. Identify the parts of the grouting pump.
- Operate the grouting pump.
- 12. List safety precautions while operating grout pump.
- 13. Demonstrate mixing of grout.

- 14. Demonstrate cleaning of the grout pump after grouting operation.
- 15. Demonstrate the ability to fabricate a beam:
 - a) drape
 - b) supports
 - c) anchors
- 16. Tension instillation:
 - a) bar strand
 - b) multi strand
- C. Tour (Optional) 6 Hours

 SECTION FIVE: 18 HOURS

 A. Business Knowledge 10 Hours

Outcome: List and describe basic business knowledge

- 1. Reports and time cards.
- Demonstrate the correct procedure for developing reports and filling in time cards.
- Interpret written orders.
- 4. Interpret requests and conditions.
- 5. Explain the responsibilities that an Ironworker has to:
 - a) oneself, fellow workers and general public
 - b) the foreman and employer
 - c) Apprenticeship and Trade Certification
 - d) provincial labour standards
 - e) company policies and procedures
- 6. Workplace coaching skills, describe the following coaching skilled used for training apprentices;
 - a) identify the point of the lesson
 - b) link the lesson
 - c) demonstrate a skill
 - d) provide opportunity to practice a skill
 - e) give feedback to the learner
 - f) assess the learner's progress
- 7. Explain the public relations an Ironworker has in:
 - a) co-operation with allied trades
 - b) co-ordination with other trade functions
 - c) recognition of work related problems
 - d) consideration of public needs
- 8. Guest speakers may be of the training establishment's choice and may include trade experts or product representatives:
 - a) W.C.B.
 - b) O.H. & S.
 - c) company representatives (Q.A., production superintendent, safety co-ordinator, owners, job co-ordinator, estimator)
 - d) C.W.B. representatives
 - e) personal protection equipment supplier
- Introduction to computers.

В.	Materials Knowledge		
	Outco	me: Describe basic materials	
	1.	Physical and mechanical properties of metals.	
	2.	Define and describe: a) density b) brittleness c) ductility d) elasticity e) hardness f) thermal and electrical conductivity g) malleability h) tensile strength i) toughness j) coefficient of expansion	
		k) melting and boiling points	
	3.	Chemical composition of steel.	
	4.	Describe: a) effects of elements in steel b) carbon, manganese and silicon c) sulphur and phosphorus	
	5.	Classification of steel.	
	6.	Describe: a) carbon and alloy steels b) steel code classifying systems such as S.A.E. and A.I.S.I. c) A.S.T.M. and C.S.A. designations of structural steels	
	7.	Coatings.	
C.	Quality	Control	2 Hours
	Outco	me: Describe the basics of quality control	
	1.	Inspection.	
	2.	Explain scope and quality control /assurance (ISO-9000).	
	3.	Discuss elements of a quality control (Q.C.) system and why it is used.	
	4.	Identify method of Q.C. used by the Steel Fabrication Industry today to insure quality.	
	5.	Discuss relationship between Q.C. personnel and tradespersons.	
	6.	Describe the difference between a standard and code.	
	7.	Discuss functions of standards, codes, specifications and procedures.	
	8.	Define scope of Q.C. inspection.	
	9.	Describe and observe each method of non-destructive and destructive testing.	
	10.	Describe methods of inspecting welds.	











Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training

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